

1.	Form 1040 –	Individual Federal In	come Tax Return				
			YEAR I			YEAR II	
1.	Total Income						
		Line 22					
2.	Wages, salaries	s considered elsewhere W2, Box 1			_	(	,
3.	Tax-Exempt Int			<u>)</u>			
	ran Exempt iii	Line 8b			+		
4.	State and Local						
_		Line 10	(	)	-	(	)
5.	Nonrecurring A	limony Received <i>Line 11</i>		<b>\</b>	_	(	`
6.	Negate Schedu	le D (Income) Loss					
<b>A</b>	_	Line 13			(+/-)		
		IRA Distributions % or Line (16a-16b) x 125%			+		
8.	Negate Schedu	le E (Income) Loss  Line 17			(+/-)		
9.	Nonrecurring U						
<b>A</b>	Compensation	Line 19	(	)	-	(	)
10	D. Social Security						
11	1. Nonrecurrina O	Line 20 ther (Income) Loss			+		
	_	Line 21			(+/-)		
12	2. Other						
H	Form 2106 -	Employee Business E	- Ynenses				
1.	Total Unreimbu		-xpc11303				
		Line 8a + 8b	(	)	-	(	)
	Depreciation	leage <b>OR</b> Actual Expenses			+		
Das	eu on Standard Will	eage <b>OK</b> Actual Expenses					
- 111.		- Interest and Divider	nds				
1.	Nonrecurring Ir	nterest Income <i>Line 1 (as itemized)</i>		,	_		•
2.	Nonrecurring D	,			_		
	3	Line 5 (as itemized)	(	)	-	(	)
IV.	Schedule C -	- Sole Proprietorship					
1,		Other (Income) / Loss					
0	Danielia	Line 6	-		(+/-)	-	
2.	Depletion	Line 12			+		
3.	Depreciation				_		
4.	Non-deductible	Line 13 Meals & Entert. Excl.			- +		
.,	Terr deddensie	Line 24b	(	)	-	(	)
5.	Business Use of				=	•	
<u> </u>	Amortization/Ca	Line 30 asualty Loss			- +		
U.	Pa	ge 2, Part V (as itemized)			_ +		
7.	Mileage Deprec	iation a x IRS Depreciation Rate			+		
		·			_ '		
V. 1.		<ul> <li>Capital Gains and Logal Gains/(Losses)</li> </ul>	osses				
	.toodining oupit	Parts I & II (as itemized)			(+/-)		
					<u> </u>		
	Form 4797 (Sale of Business Property)/Form 6252 (Installment Sale Income – Principal Payments Received)						
VI.		Royalties (use separ	ate worksheet for	renta	ıl incor	ne analysis)	
1.	,	e 4, (applicable columns)			+		
2.					_		
3	Donlation	Line 20		)	-	(	)
3.	Depletion	Line 18			+		



∡VII.	Schedule F – Profit or Loss from	Farming		
1.	Non-Taxable Ongoing Coop & CCC <i>Lines</i> (3a-3b)+(4a-4b)+(5b-5c)+(6a-6b)		+	
2.	Nonrecurring Other (Income) / Loss Line 8 [Lines 8a + 8b (2011)]		(+/-)	
3.	Depreciation		-	
4.	Line 14 Amortization/Casualty Loss/Depletion		+ .	
5.	Line 32 (as itemized) Business Use of Home/One Time		+ .	
	Line 32 (as itemized)		+	
VIII	. Partners Share of Income – Sch	edule K-1 (Form 1065)		
1.		·	(+/-)	
HEW	Distributions		· · · · · · · ·	
<b>1</b> 2.	Be sure to refer to Hints & Tips Line 19A Guaranteed Payments to Partners		(+/-)	
X	Line 4		+	
IX.	Shareholders Share of Income –	Schodulo V 1 (Form 1120	161	
1.	Ordinary Income (Loss), Net Income			
HEW	(Loss) <u>OR</u> Lines 1,2,3 Distributions			
	Be sure to refer to Hints & Tips Line 16D		(+/-)	
X.	Partnership (Form 1065)			
1.	Pass-Through (Income) or Loss Line 4		(+/-)	
2.	Nonrecurring Other (Income) / Loss Lines 5, 6 & 7			
3.	Depreciation Line 16a			
4.	Depletion Line 17		+	
<b>5</b> .	Amortization/Casualty Loss/One Time		+ .	
6.	Line 20 (as itemized)  Mortgage/Notes Payable <1 Year		+ .	
7.	Schedule L, Line 16, Column D Non-deductible Meals & Entert. Excl.	( )	-	( )
	Schedule M1, Line 4b	( )	-	( )
8.	Subtotal  Combine Lines 1 – 7, Section X		= _	
9.	Ownership % Total Partnership Income		=	
	Multiply subtotal by ownership %		-	
XI.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1.	Nonrecurring Other (Income) / Loss Lines 4 & 5		(+/-)	
2.	Depreciation Line 14		+	
3.	Depletion Line 15		+	
4.	Amortization/Casualty Loss/One Time  Line 19 (as itemized)			
5.	Mortgages/Notes Payable <1 Year Schedule L, Line 17, Column D		Τ.	
6.	Non-deductible Meals & Entert. Excl.	( )	-	
7.	Schedule M1, Line 3b Subtotal	( )	-	( )
	Combine Lines 1 – 6, Section XI Ownership %		= .	
8.	Total S-Corporation Income  Multiply subtotal by ownership %		=	



XII.	Corporation (Form 1120)			
1.	Taxable Income			
_	Line 30			
2.	Total Tax  Line 31			
3.	Nonrecurring (Gains) or Losses	<u> </u>	-	)
	Lines 8 & 9		(+/-)	
4.	<b>Nonrecurring</b> Other (Income) / Loss Line 10		(+/-)	
5.	Depreciation Line 20		+	
6.	Depletion  Line 21		+	
7.	Amortization/Casualty Loss/One Time  Line 26 (as itemized)			
8.	Net Operating Loss/Special Deductions  Line 29c		+	
9.	Mortgages/Notes Payable <1 Year Schedule L, Line 17, Column D	( )	+	( )
10.	Non-deductible Meals & Entert. Excl. Schedule M1, Line 5c	( )	_	( )
11.	Subtotal  Combine Lines 1 – 10, Section XII		=	
	Ownership %			
12.	Adjusted Subtotal  Multiply subtotal by ownership %		=	
13.	Enter Corporate Dividends Paid From Schedule B, Form 1040, This Corp	( )	_	( )
14.	Total Corporate Income Subtract Dividends from Subtotal		=	
	RKSHEET TOTALS			
Persor	nal Tax Returns  Combine All Lines <b>Sections 1 - IX</b>		(+/-)	
Partne	ership Return  Enter Amount from <b>Section X</b> , <b>Line 9</b>			
S-Corporation Return  Enter Amount from Section XI, Line 8				
Corporation Return —				
Total	Income from Tax Returns  Combine Personal & Business Incomes	-	(+/-) <b>=</b>	
	Combine i crachar & Duamicaa mcumea	-	_	
Total	Income ÷ # m	nonths =		Monthly Income

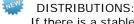
## TIPS & HINTS



- Adjust for Recurring Income/Loss ONLY. Proper documentation must be in the file to include Income, which must be documented as stable and likely to continue for at least 3 more years (if applicable).
- Review Line 22 of Form 2106 to determine whether the **Standard Mileage Rate** OR **Actual Expenses** have been claimed (**Standard** if complete, **Actual** if blank or \$0):
  - Fig. 1. If the Standard Mileage Rate has been claimed Add the amounts on Line 13, then multiply the sum by the IRS Depreciation Rate
  - > If Actual Expenses have been claimed Add amounts on Line 28

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Do NOT automatically add the documented amount on the Line # indicated – add only the itemized amount of the specific allowable add back



If there is a stable history of receiving the distribution amount consistent with the level of business income needed to qualify then, enter this amount on the worksheet and NO further documentation is required to include the income in the borrower's cash flow  $\underline{\mathbf{OR}}$ 

- ORDINARY INCOME, NET INCOME:

Borrower can document ownership and access to the income by a partnership agreement or corporate

AND the business has adequate liquidity to support the withdrawal of earnings.

NOTE: Regardless of which box is used...

If borrower owns >25% in the business, complete analysis of business tax returns (section X) unless the requirements to waive business tax returns have been met.

- For FNMA, Corporate Income may only be used if Borrower has 100% ownership
- Use Caution when considering this income. The Borrower must have a legal right to draw this additional income and the Business must CLEARLY be capable of providing additional income to the Borrower, without severe negative effects.