

Borrower Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Business: \_\_\_\_\_

## I. FORM 1040 – INDIVIDUAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN

	MOST RECENT YEAR _____		PRIOR YEAR _____
1. W-2 Income From Self Employment <i>W-2s - Box 5</i>	_____	+	_____

## II. SCHEDULE B – INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS

1. Interest Income from Self Employment <i>Line 1 (as itemized)</i>	_____	+	_____
2. Dividend Income from Self Employment <i>Line 5 (as itemized)</i>	_____	+	_____

## III. SCHEDULE C – SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP

1. Net Profit or (Loss) <i>Line 31</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
2. <b>Non-Recurring</b> Other (Income)/Loss <i>Line 6</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
3. Depletion <i>Line 12</i>	_____	+	_____
4. Depreciation <i>Line 13</i>	_____	+	_____
5. Non-Deductible Meals & Entert. Excl. <i>Line 24b</i>	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
6. Business Use of Home <i>Line 30</i>	_____	+	_____
7. Amortization/Casualty Loss <i>Page 2, Part V (as itemized)</i>	_____	+	_____
8. Mileage Depreciation <i>Line 44a or Form 4562, Line 30 x IRS Depreciation Rate</i>	_____	+	_____

## IV. SCHEDULE D – CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES

1. Recurring Capital Gains <i>Parts I &amp; II (as itemized)</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
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## V. SCHEDULE E – ROYALTIES (use separate worksheet for rental income analysis)

1. Gross Royalties Received <i>Line 4 (applicable columns)</i>	_____		_____
2. Total Expenses <i>Line 20</i>	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
3. Depletion <i>Line 18</i>	_____	+	_____

## VI. SCHEDULE F – PROFIT OR LOSS FROM FARMING

1. Net Profit or (Loss) <i>Line 34</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
2. Non-Tax Portion Ongoing Coop & CCC <i>Lines (3a-3b)+(4a-4b)+(5b-5c)+(6a-6b)</i>	_____	+	_____
3. <b>Non-Recurring</b> Other (Income)/Loss <i>Line 8</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
4. Depreciation <i>Line 14</i>	_____	+	_____
5. Amortization/Casualty Loss/Depletion <i>Line 32 (as itemized)</i>	_____	+	_____
6. Business Use of Home/One Time <i>Line 32 (as itemized)</i>	_____	+	_____

## VII. PARTNER'S SHARE OF INCOME – SCHEDULE K-1 (form 1065)

1. Ordinary Income (Loss) Net Rental/Other Income/(Loss) <i>Lines 1, 2, 3 OR</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
Distributions <i>Line 19a</i>			
<b>Very Important! Refer to Tips &amp; Hints to determine allowable amount of Income/Loss to enter in this section.</b>			
2. Guaranteed Payments to Partners <i>Line 4</i>	_____	+	_____

**VIII. PARTNERSHIP (form 1065)**

1. Ordinary (Income)/Loss from Other Partnerships	Line 4	_____	(+/-)	_____
2. <b>Non-Recurring</b> Other (Income)/Loss	Lines 5, 6 & 7	_____	(+/-)	_____
3. Depreciation	Line 16a	_____	+	_____
4. Depletion	Line 17	_____	+	_____
5. Amortization/Casualty Loss	Line 20 (as itemized)	_____	+	_____
6. Mortgage/Notes Payable <1 Year	Schedule L, Line 16, Column D	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
7. Non-Deductible Meals & Entert. Excl.	Schedule M1, Line 4b	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
8. Subtotal	Combine Lines 1-7, Section VIII	_____	=	_____
<b>Ownership %</b> _____				
9. Total Adjustment to Business Cash Flow	Multiply Subtotal by Ownership %	_____	=	_____

**IX. SHAREHOLDER'S SHARE OF INCOME - SCHEDULE K-1 (form 1120S)**

1. Ordinary Income/(Loss), Net Rental/Other Income/(Loss)	Lines 1, 2, 3 <b>OR</b>	_____	(+/-)	_____
Distributions	Line 16D	_____		_____
<b>Very Important! Refer to Tips &amp; Hints to determine allowable amount of Income/Loss to enter in this section.</b>				

**X. S-CORPORATION (form 1120S)**

1. <b>Non-Recurring</b> Other (Income)/Loss	Lines 4 & 5	_____	(+/-)	_____
2. Depreciation	Line 14	_____	+	_____
3. Depletion	Line 15	_____	+	_____
4. Amortization/Casualty Loss/One Time	Line 19 (as itemized)	_____	+	_____
5. Mortgages/Notes Payable <1 Year	Schedule L, Line 17, Column D	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
6. Non-Deductible Meals & Entert. Excl.	Schedule M1, Line 3b	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
7. Subtotal	Combine Lines 1-6, Section X	_____	=	_____
<b>Ownership %</b> _____				
8. Total Adjustment to Business Cash Flow	Multiply Subtotal by Ownership %	_____	=	_____

**XI. CORPORATION (form 1120)**

1. Taxable Income	Line 30	_____	(+/-)	_____
2. Total Tax	Line 31	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
3. <b>Non-Recurring</b> (Gains)/Losses	Lines 8 & 9	_____	(+/-)	_____
4. <b>Non-Recurring</b> Other (Income)/Loss	Lines 10	_____	(+/-)	_____
5. Depreciation	Line 20	_____	+	_____
6. Depletion	Line 21	_____	+	_____
7. Amortization/Casualty Loss	Line 26 (as itemized)	_____	+	_____
8. Net Operating Loss/Special Deductions	Line 29c	_____	+	_____
9. Mortgages/Notes Payable <1 Year	Schedule L, Line 17, Column D	( _____ )	-	( _____ )

10. Non-Deductible Meals & Entert. Excl. <i>Schedule M-1, Line 5c</i>	( _____ )	-	( _____ )
11. Subtotal <i>Combine Lines 1-10, Section XI</i>	_____	=	_____
<b>Ownership %</b> _____			
12. Adjusted Subtotal <i>Multiply Subtotal by Ownership %</i>	_____	=	_____
13. Enter Corporate Dividends Paid <i>From Schedule B, Form 1040, This Corp</i> <i>Subtract Dividends from Subtotal</i>	_____	-	_____
14. Total Corporate Income	_____	=	_____

## WORKSHEET TOTALS

Personal Tax Returns <i>Combine All Lines Sections (I-VII)+IX</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
Partnership Return <i>Enter Amount from Section VIII, Line 9</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
S-Corporation Return <i>Enter Amount from Section X, Line 8</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
Corporation Return <i>Enter Amount from Section XI, Line 14</i>	_____	(+/-)	_____
Total Income from Tax Returns <i>Combine Personal &amp; Business Incomes</i>	_____	=	_____

Total Income \_\_\_\_\_ ÷ # months \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ Monthly Income

## LIQUIDITY WORKSHEET

### Schedule L - Assets

MOST RECENT YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

1. Cash <i>Line 1, Column d</i>	_____
2. Trade Notes and Accounts Receivable <i>Line 2b, Column d</i>	_____
3. Inventories <i>Line 3, Column d</i>	_____
4. Other Current Assets <i>Line 6, Column d</i> <b>(Use caution. Review itemized statement and only include applicable amounts.)</b>	_____
5. Total Current Assets <i>Combine Lines 1-4</i>	_____

### Schedule L - Liabilities

6. Accounts Payable <i>Line 15 (1065) Line 16 (1120-S), Column d</i>	_____
7. Mortgage Notes Bond Payable less than one year <i>Line 16 (1065) Line 17 (1120-S), Column d</i>	_____
8. Other Current Liabilities <i>Line 17 (1065) Line 18 (1120-S), Column d</i> <b>(Review itemized statement)</b>	_____
9. Total Current Liabilities <i>Combine Lines 6-8</i>	_____

### Current Ratio

*Divide Total Current Assets (Line 5) by Total Current Liabilities (Line 9)*

\_\_\_\_\_

### Quick Ratio

*Divide Current Assets (Lines 1 + 2) by Total Current Liabilities (Line 9)*

\_\_\_\_\_

TIPS & HINTS

If interest or dividend income, verify the payer is the same entity as the borrower's business (review Schedule B, Part I or II and/or Schedule K-1 or Form 1099).

**FNMA** - If Business capital gain, evaluate the consistency or likelihood of continuance of any gains reported on Schedule D from a business through the K-1 (Form 1065 / 1120-S). Do not include business capital gains if inconsistent or one-time occurrence.

Note: Business capital losses on Schedule D do not have to be considered when calculating income or liabilities (even if recurring).

**FHLMC** - Document that sufficient assets remain after closing to support continuance of the capital gain income, at the level used for qualifying, for at least the next three years, most recent two-years of realized capital gains, 24-month average.

Do NOT automatically add the documented amount on the Line # indicated. Add only the itemized amount of the specific allowable add back.

Schedule C - If there are no business miles on Line 44a, but the borrower claimed vehicle expenses on Line 9, check to see if the borrower was required to file Form 4562. Review Line 30 of 4562 for mileage, and calculate depreciation as above.

IRS Depreciation Rates			
2021 - \$.26	2020 - \$.27		
2019 - \$.26	2018 - \$.25		

FNMA B3-3.3-07

**DISTRIBUTIONS:** If there is a stable history of receiving the distribution amount consistent with the level of business income needed to qualify then, enter this amount on the worksheet and NO further documentation is required to include the income in the borrower's cash flow **OR**

FNMA B3-3.4

**ORDINARY INCOME, NET RENTAL INCOME:** Income from partnerships, SCorps, LLCs, estates, or trusts can only be considered if the lender obtains documentation verifying that:

the income was actually distributed to the borrower **or**

the business has adequate liquidity to support the withdrawal of earnings. If the Schedule K-1 provides this confirmation, no further documentation of business liquidity is required.

**NOTE:** Regardless of which box is used...

If borrower owns >25% in the business, complete analysis of business tax returns (section VIII or X) unless the requirements to waive business tax returns have been met.

FHLMC 5304.1

In the case of Partnerships and S corporations, analysis of the business must support that the business has sufficient liquidity and is financially capable of producing stable monthly income for the Borrower. The Seller may calculate and consider the liquidity ratios of the business using generally accepted accounting practices when analyzing the liquidity of the business.

Although cash distributions reported on the Schedule K-1 may not be used as qualifying income, they may be used to establish business liquidity and access to business funds, provided they are reasonably consistent with the ordinary income.

For business income not reported on 1040 but being used to qualify, confirm the corporate resolution or partnership agreement does not restrict access.

Consult your Underwriting Guidelines prior to entering income on this line. Losses must generally be considered.

For FNMA B3-3.4, Earnings may not be used unless the borrower owns 100% of the business.

For *FHLMC 5304.1* - Income reported on the business tax returns but not on the personal tax returns may be considered as stable monthly income, provided the Seller's analysis confirms that based on the financial strength of the business, the use of these funds as personal income would not have a detrimental impact on the business. For business income not reported on 1040 but being used to qualify, confirm the corporate resolution does not restrict access.

Liquidity Ratios - For FNMA, for either ratio, a result of one or greater is **generally** sufficient to confirm adequate business liquidity to support the withdrawal of earnings.